a year. The rate of maternal mortality is now less than 3 per 1,000 live births. The last two columns of the table show that mortality among unmarried mothers is much higher than among married mothers.
30.-Maternal Deaths and Rates per 1,000 Live Births, by Provinces, 1941-45

Note.-Figures for 1944 and 1945 are by residence; for previous years by place of occurrence.

| Item | Maternal Deaths |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Maternal Deaths of Unmarried Mothers |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | Canada ${ }^{1}$ | No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P.C. } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| Totals- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 | ${ }^{6}$ | 49 | 43 57 | 386 314 | 219 206 | 46 40 | 58 62 | 54 | 40 |  | 61 53 | 6.77 6.48 |
| 1942 | 10 9 | 41 57 | 57 41 41 | 314 315 315 | 206 189 | 40 40 | 62 48 | 43 52 | 45 | 818 798 | 53 63 | 6.48 7.89 |
| 1944 | 12 | 33 | 43 | 318 | 198 | 49 | 42 | 31 | 50 | 776 | 48 | $6 \cdot 19$ |
| 1945 | 6 | 24 | 25 | 256 | 171 | 31 | 49 | 48 | 50 | 660 | 38 | $5 \cdot 76$ |
| Rates per 1,000 Live Births- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Per 1,00 mate Li | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Illegiti- } \\ & \text { e Births } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1941 | $2 \cdot 9$ | $3 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 0$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | 3.5 |  |  |
| 1942 | $4 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | $3 \cdot 0$ |  |  |
| 1943 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 7$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 8$ |  |  |
| 1944 | $5 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | 1.6 | $2 \cdot 6$ | 2.7 |  |  |
| 1945 | $2 \cdot 7$ | 1.5 | $1 \cdot 8$ | $2 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | $1 \cdot 9$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 3$ |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Exclusive of the Territories.
Age at Maternal Death.-Table 31 shows the distribution of maternal deaths by age, together with the average age at death. This average is slightly more than two years greater than the average age of all mothers at the time of childbirth. The rates per 1,000 live births by age groups show that age is a most important factor in maternal mortality. Though all the rates are much lower than they used to be, the inequalities between the age groups remain. The rate at $30-34$ years is nearly twice as high as the rate at $20-24$ years, and above the age of 40 it is over four times as high. The slightly higher rate in the first age group shown in Table 31, compared with the second, is due to the high proportion of illegitimate children born to young mothers.
31.-Maternal Mortality and Rates per 1,000 Live Births, by Age Groups, 1944 and 1945, with Three-Year Averages, 1930-32 and 1940-42
Note.-Figures for 1944 and 1945 are by place of residence.

| Age Group | Maternal Deaths |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rates per 1,000 Live Births |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Averages } \\ 1930-32 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Averages } \\ 1940-42 \end{gathered}$ |  | 1944 |  | 1945 |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ 1930-32 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ 1940-42 \end{gathered}$ | 1944 | 1945 |
| Under 20 years | No. ${ }^{\text {N }}$ |  | No. <br> 47 | p.c. | No. <br> 30 | p.c. | No. <br> 28 <br>  | p.c. | 5.03 | $2 \cdot 80$ | 1.78 | 1.65 |
| 20-24 " | 216 | 17.0 | 151 | 16.8 | 146 | $18 \cdot 8$ | 110 | 16.7 | $3 \cdot 56$ | $2 \cdot 13$ | 1.87 | 1.40 |
| 25-29 " | 271 | 21.4 | 212 | $23 \cdot 6$ | 186 | $24 \cdot 0$ | 161 | $24 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 16$ | $2 \cdot 77$ | $2 \cdot 26$ | 1.95 |
| 30-34 " | 278 | 21.9 | 206 | 22.9 | 200 | $25 \cdot 8$ | 136 | $20 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 66$ | $4 \cdot 03$ | $3 \cdot 34$ | $2 \cdot 21$ |
| 35-39 " | 263 | 20.8 | 180 | 20.0 | 141 | 18.2 | 135 | 20.5 | $7 \cdot 80$ | 6.14 | $4 \cdot 17$ | 3.79 |
| 40-44 " | 140 | 11.0 | 91 | $10 \cdot 1$ | 70 | 9.0 | 81 | $12 \cdot 3$ | 10.56 | $8 \cdot 72$ | $6 \cdot 23$ | 6.98 |
| $45-49$ 50 years or over | $\mathrm{Nil}^{23}$ | 1.8 | 11 | 1.2 | 3 | $0 \cdot 4$ | 8 | 1.2 | 16.73 | $10 \cdot 00$ | $2 \cdot 99$ | $7 \cdot 14$ |
| 50 years or over. | Nil |  | 1 | $0 \cdot 1$ | Nil | - | 1 | $0 \cdot 2$ | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| 'Totals, Stated Ages. | 1,267 | 100.0 | 899 | $100 \cdot 0$ | 776 | $100 \cdot 0$ | 660 | 100.0 | - | - | - | - |
| Totals, All Ages. | 1,267 |  | 899 |  | 776 |  | 660 | - | $5 \cdot 28$ | $3 \cdot 51$ | $2 \cdot 73$ | $2 \cdot 29$ |
| Average Age. ....... | 31 |  | 31 |  | 30 | - 8 | 31. | . 5 | - | - | - | - |

[^0]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The number of cases in this age group is too small to justify the calculation of a rate.

