

1870. September 24. Arrival at Fort Garry of the expedition under Colonel (now Lord) Wolseley, when the rebels were found to have dispersed.
1871. Pacific Railway surveys begun. Post cards issued. Stone Fort and Manitoba Post Indian Treaties (Nos. 1 and 2) negotiated.
 May 8. Signing of the Treaty of Washington. New Brunswick School Act passed.
 June 28. Imperial Act respecting establishment of provinces in Canada passed.
 July 1. Dominion currency made uniform.
 July 20. Admission of British Columbia into the confederation. British Columbia granted responsible government.
 Population of the four provinces, 3,485,761; of Manitoba, 18,995; of British Columbia, 36,247, and of Prince Edward Island, 94,021. Total, 3,635,024.
 November 11. The last regular troops left Quebec.
1872. Abolition of dual representation. Dominion archives established. Earl of Dufferin became Governor General. Manitoba *Free Press* established.
1873. April 1. Wreck of S.S. "Atlantic" near Halifax; 547 persons drowned.
 May 20. Death of Sir George E. Cartier, one of the "Fathers of Confederation," in London. North-west Angle Indian Treaty (No. 3) signed by Hon. Alex. Morris.
 May 1. Hon. Joseph Howe made Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia. June 1. Hon. Joseph Howe died. July 1. Admission of Prince Edward Island into the confederation. November 6. Resignation of Sir John Macdonald and his ministry.
 November 7. Mackenzie Administration formed. Island of St. Juan awarded to the United States by the Emperor of Germany, and British evacuated it.
 December 9. Death of Wm. H. Steeves, one of the "Fathers of Confederation."
1874. Qu'Appelle Indian Treaty (No. 4) signed by Hon. A. Morris. Nanaimo, B.C., incorporated. Carnarvon terms published. Simultaneous Polling in Dominion Elections extended to the Maritime Provinces.
1875. Rupert's Land and North-west Territories placed under jurisdiction of a Lieutenant Governor separate and distinct from Manitoba. Lake Winnipeg Indian Treaty (No. 5) signed by Hon. A. Morris and Hon. J. McKay. Prince Edward Island Railway opened. Icelanders settled in Manitoba.
 Presbyterian Church in Canada formed by the Union of all the Presbyterian Churches. Winnipeg incorporated as a city.
1876. August 21. Death of George Coles, one of the "Fathers of Confederation."
 Opening of the Intercolonial Railway from Quebec to Halifax. Forts Carleton and Pitt Indian Treaty (No. 6) signed. Canadians awarded 300 prizes at Exhibition in Philadelphia, U.S.A. Supreme Court of Canada first session. Royal Military College, Kingston (established by Act of Canadian Parliament) opened. Legislative Council of Manitoba abolished. District of Keewatin created by Act of Parliament. First attempt to keep up steam communication in winter between Prince Edward Island and the mainland.
1877. January 2. Hon. Judge McCully, one of the "Fathers of Confederation," died.
 May. Medical Council of Great Britain decided to recognize Canadian degrees.
 June 20. Great fire in St. John, New Brunswick, 1,612 dwelling houses and 615 business places destroyed.
 September. First convention of Dom. Y. M. C. Association in Quebec.
 October. First exportation of wheat from Manitoba to Great Britain.
 November 23. Award by Halifax Fisheries Commission of the sum of \$5,500,000 to be paid by the United States to the Imperial Government. Treaty with the Blackfeet Indians (No. 7) signed by Hon. David Laird.
1878. Conservatives won in General Election. Canadians awarded 225 prizes at Paris Exhibition. Canada Temperance Act passed by Federal Parliament. Marquess of Lorne became Governor General of Canada.
1879. Adoption of a protective tariff, otherwise called the "National Policy."
 October 7. Death of W. H. Pope, one of the "Fathers of Confederation."
1880. February 6. Death of E. B. Chandler, one of the "Fathers of Confederation."
 May 9. Death of the Hon. George Brown, one of the "Fathers of Confederation."
 All British possessions on North American continent (excepting Newfoundland) annexed to Canada by Imperial Order in Council from 1st Sept., 1880. The Arctic Archipelago transferred to Canada by Imperial Order in Council.
 Royal Canadian Academy of Arts founded by the Marquess of Lorne.
 October 21. Contract signed for the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. This contract was subsequently ratified by 44 Vic., chap. 1 (1881).
 First High Commissioner for Canada in London appointed.
 December 8. Death of Charles Fisher, one of the "Fathers of Confederation."
1881. March 21. Act passed extending the boundaries of Manitoba, chap. 14.
 April 4. Population of the Dominion, 4,324,810. Royal Society of Canada founded.
 May 2. First sod turned by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.