1819-22. John Franklin's overland expedition to the Arctic Ocean.

1820. Cape Breton reannexed to Nova Scotia. Brantford founded. Bank of New Brunswick incorporated.

1821. Commencement of the Lachine Canal. (First vessel passed through in 1825.)

McGill College received its charter. Quebec Savings Bank opened.

Amalgamation of the Hudson's Bay Co., and the North-west Trading Co.

1822. General Hospital Montreal founded. Law Society of Upper Canada incorporated.

Literary and Historical Society of Quebec founded. "Fabrique Act" passed in

Lower Canada.

1825. Great fire in the Miramichi District of New Brunswick.
mated lost. Three million acres of forest destroyed. Five hundred lives esti-Halifax Banking Company established. Treaty of St. Petersburg defining boundaries of Alaska.

1826. Franklin and Richardson explore the Mackenzie river and the coast east and west.

Canada Land Company formed. 1827. Guelph founded by John Galt. Coal mining begun in Pictou Co., Nova Scotia.

Treaty of London. Convention between the United Kingdom and the United

States relative to territory west of the Rocky Mountains.

1828. Saguenay District explored. Pictou and Sydney made free ports.

1829. Upper Canada College founded. First Welland Canal opened. John Ross discovered the Peninsula of Boothia and in 1830 James Clarke Ross discovered the North Magnetic Pole in 70°, 5′, 17″ north latitude and 96°, 46′, 45″ west longitude.

1831. Population-Upper Canada, 236,702; Lower Canada, 553,131. Ship "Lady Sherbrooke" lost near Cape Ray, nearly 300 lives lost.

1832. Cholera in Canada checked immigration. Quarantine station established at Grosse June 5. Lord Aylmer proclaimed that His Majesty had (April 12)

assented to Acts to incorporate the cities of Quebec and Montreal, cust 5. The steamer "Royal William" left Quebec for Pictou, N.S., discharged 1833. August 5. cargo and coaled, leaving Pictou on the 18th August. for Gravesend, England, at which port she arrived after a stormy passage, during which she disabled one of her engines. The boat was built at Quebec during 1830-31, and was the first steamer that ever crossed the Atlantic, the motive power of which was entirely steam. Capt. George Back made overland journey to the Arctic Ocean.

1834. Toronto incorporated. Cholera again in Canada.

1835. Steamer "Beaver" (Hudson's Bay Co..) arrived at Fort Vancouver, being the first steamer on the North Pacific Ocean.

steamer on the North Pacific Ocean.

1836. July 21. Opening of the railway from Laprairie to St. Johns, the first railway in Canada.

1837-38. Outbreak of rebellion in both provinces. It was suppressed in Upper Canada by the militia, and in Lower Canada by the British troops. Gas used in Montreal. Dease and Simpson explored the arctic shores of Canada.

1838. Secularization of clergy reserves advocated by Francis Hincks. Dalhousie College, Halifax, N.S., established.

1839. Lord Durham's report on the state of Canada communicated to Parliament, 11th
February. Five rebels hanged in Montreal. "Aroostook war" took place.
Railway at Albion Coal Mines, N.S., opened.
by the Imperial Government in Toronto.

1840. Death of Lord Durham, to whose exertions the subsequent union of the provinces Quebec and Montreal incorporated. Montreal daily was mainly due. Advertiser founded; first daily journal in Canada. The Britannia, the pioneer steamship of the Cunard Line, arrived in Halifax.

1841. February 10. Union of the two provinces under the name of the Province of Canada, and establishment of responsible Government. The Legislature consisted of a Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly, each province being represented by 62 members, 42 elected by the people and 20 appointed by the Halifax incorporated as a city.

1841. Population of Upper Canada, 455,688.

May 17. Landslide from the Citadel rock, Quebec; 32 persons killed.

Opening of the first United Parliament, at Kingston, by Lord Sydenham. 1842. August 9. Settlement of the boundary line between Canada and the United States by the Ashburton Treaty. Imperial Parliament, for the last time, framed a tariff for British North America.

1843. Victoria, B.C., founded by James Douglas. Geological Survey established by the provincial government. First iron steamer in Canada launched at Montreal.
 1844. Population of Lower Canada, 697,084. General Elections in the Province of

Canada.

1845. Act to make provision for a Geological Survey of Canada assented to. fires in the city of Quebec; 25,000 people rendered homeless. Enlarged Welland Canal opened. Franklin went in search of the North West Passage, found it, but he died in 1847 and all his officers and men (105) perished later on.