## Tariff and Trade Arrangements with Non-Commonwealth Countries as at Feb. 15, 1960—concluded

Country	Agreement	Principal Terms
Syria (Region of United Arab Republic).	Special Arrangement by Order in Council of Nov. 19, 1946.	Canada grants most - favoured - nation tariff rates as long as Syria accords reciprocal treatment.
Tunisia	Franco-Canadian Trade Agreement of 1933 applied to Tunisia (Tunisia is in customs union with France).	independent State in 1956, Canada
Turkey	Exchange of notes signed Mar. 1, 1948; in effect Mar. 15, 1948. GATT effective Oct. 17, 1951.	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment. May be terminated on three months notice.
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics,	Trade Agreement signed Feb. 29, 1956. Ratifications exchanged May 26, 1956.	
		(Expired Feb. 28, 1959, but most- favoured-nation treatment con- tinues to be exchanged.)
UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC	(See Egypt and Syria)	
United States	Trade Agreement signed Nov. 17, 1938; suspended as long as both countries continue to be contracting parties to GATT. GATT effective Jan. 1, 1948.	exchanged under 1938 Agreement
Uruguay	Trade Agreement signed Aug. 12, 1936; in force May 15, 1940. Additional Protocol signed Oct. 19, 1953. GATT effective Dec. 16, 1953.	treatment. May be terminated
VIET NAM	Franco-Canadian Trade Agreement of 1933 applied to Viet Nam.	Since the creation of Viet Nam as an independent State, Canada has continued to accord most- favoured-nation rates.
Venezuela	Modus vivendi signed and brought into force Oct. 11, 1950.	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment. Made for one year subject to annual renewal.
Yugoslavia	Trade Agreements Act of June 11, 1928, accepted Article 30 of United Kingdom - Serb - Croat - Slovene Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of May 12, 1927; in force Aug. 9, 1928.	on one years notice.