

## 6.—Electric Energy Generated in Central Electric Stations by Province 1949-53

Province or Territory	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953
	'000 kwh.	'000 kwh.	'000 kwh.	'000 kwh.	'000 kwh.
Newfoundland.....	200,610	147,470	172,436	233,291	251,427
Prince Edward Island.....	24,950	29,050	32,768	35,879	39,439
Nova Scotia.....	717,473	762,339	887,908	964,771	1,025,903
New Brunswick.....	651,253	696,519	756,087	752,887	746,304
Quebec.....	25,530,923	27,323,311	29,690,086	32,112,878	33,793,797
Ontario.....	11,324,407	12,718,518	15,985,056	17,297,526	18,268,311
Manitoba.....	2,159,998	2,449,383	2,564,537	2,699,246	2,753,939
Saskatchewan.....	858,088	903,144	978,773	1,079,309	1,174,131
Alberta.....	800,729	869,064	996,945	1,174,002	1,339,927
British Columbia.....	2,105,186	2,535,412	2,723,454	2,987,261	3,381,624
Yukon and Northwest Territories.....	44,956	59,508	63,794	72,148	86,125
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>44,418,573</b>	<b>48,493,718</b>	<b>54,851,844</b>	<b>59,409,198</b>	<b>62,860,927</b>

**Domestic Service.**—Power used by domestic customers or for household purposes amounts to almost 16 p.c. of the total production of central electric stations. Details of the number of domestic customers served, the kilowatt hours delivered and the costs to the customers, exclusive of direct federal, provincial and municipal taxes on such service, are shown in Table 7. The average consumption per customer and average cost per kilowatt hour vary considerably as between municipalities and also as between provinces but the differences in the average bills are smaller. The availability of low cost power to domestic users contributes greatly to the high standard of living in Canada. Average consumption per customer is more than double that of 1939 and costs per kilowatt hour are almost 11 p.c. lower.

## 7.—Summary Statistics of Domestic Consumption of Electricity 1944-53

Year	Customers	Consumption	Average Consumption per Customer	Average Charge per Annum	Average Charge per kwh.
	No.	'000 kwh.	kwh.	\$	cts.
1944.....	1,906,452	3,046,980	1,598	27-96	1-75
1945.....	1,987,360	3,365,497	1,693	28-05	1-66
1946.....	2,104,549	3,881,677	1,844	29-85	1-62
1947.....	2,246,253	4,383,222	1,951	31-28	1-60
1948.....	2,398,847	4,984,280	2,078	33-32	1-60
1949.....	2,619,831	5,678,847	2,168	34-47	1-59
1950.....	2,797,378	6,750,303	2,413	38-97	1-61
1951.....	2,951,988	7,726,114	2,617	43-25	1-65
1952.....	3,112,306	8,741,182	2,809	46-48	1-65
1953.....	3,283,486	9,877,727	3,008	51-25	1-70

**Farm Service.**—Table 8 shows the number of farm customers, the average annual consumption, average annual revenue and the average revenue per kilowatt hour sold to these customers in each province in 1952 and 1953. Rural electrification has made considerable progress since the end of World War II. Farm customers added during 1953 totalled 24,479 and the national total at 384,349 increased by 7 p.c. over 1952. It is estimated that about 61 p.c. of the farm dwellings in Canada now enjoy the benefits of power line service. In addition many other farms generate their own electricity by the use of engines, windmills, etc.