

products made available for consumption in 1952. Animal, wood and paper, and non-ferrous metal products were also manufactured in greater quantities than required for home consumption, providing export balances in these groups. Canada imports large quantities of iron and steel, textiles, chemicals and non-metallic mineral products despite large home production. Recent expansion of the iron and steel, chemical and non-ferrous metal industries will enable Canada to meet more requirements for home consumption and to export greater quantities in the future.

5.—Consumption of Manufactured Products, Significant Years, 1929-52, and by Industrial Groups, 1951 and 1952

Year and Industrial Group	Gross Value of Products Manufactured ²	Manufactured and Partly Manufactured Goods ¹		Value of Manufactured Products Available for Consumption
		Value of Net Imports	Value of Domestic Exports	
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1929.....	3,883,446,116	939,130,201	686,876,071	4,135,700,246
1933.....	1,954,075,785	298,068,344	365,232,113	1,886,912,016
1939.....	3,474,783,528	542,354,930	646,853,938	3,370,294,520
1944.....	9,073,692,519	1,302,413,996	2,668,575,781	7,707,530,734
1946.....	8,035,692,471	1,390,123,100	1,701,677,026	7,724,138,545
1949.....	12,479,593,300	2,043,583,929	2,017,055,615	12,506,121,614
1950.....	13,817,526,380	2,289,162,070	2,239,733,915	13,866,954,535
Industrial Group, 1951³				
Vegetable products.....	2,445,848,786	263,617,019	244,721,869	2,464,743,936
Animal products.....	1,846,134,158	70,126,024	101,562,405	1,814,697,777
Textile and textile products.....	1,559,977,021	303,558,270	34,935,831	1,828,599,460
Wood and paper products.....	3,209,391,543	128,972,748	1,316,442,025	2,021,922,266
Iron and its products.....	3,432,209,864	1,291,364,316	323,702,566	4,399,871,614
Non-ferrous metal products.....	1,929,608,127	244,526,262	457,569,880	1,716,564,509
Non-metallic mineral products.....	1,044,425,433	251,828,723	85,510,539	1,210,743,617
Chemicals and allied products.....	716,287,268	189,719,193	131,689,729	774,316,732
Miscellaneous industries.....	208,304,932	290,997,274	52,956,412	446,345,794
Totals, 1951.....	16,392,187,132	3,034,709,829	2,749,091,256	16,677,805,705
Industrial Group, 1952³				
Vegetable products.....	2,519,179,224	238,550,554	235,150,632	2,522,579,146
Animal products.....	1,801,102,780	46,431,555	89,096,924	1,758,437,411
Textile and textile products.....	1,524,985,439	250,207,749	26,088,173	1,749,105,015
Wood and paper products.....	3,184,797,667	128,533,506	1,271,578,274	2,041,752,899
Iron and its products.....	3,922,647,073	1,359,518,854	384,612,567	4,897,553,360
Non-ferrous metal products.....	1,930,991,739	245,819,343	571,140,444	1,605,670,688
Non-metallic mineral products.....	1,130,487,677	249,979,373	96,045,997	1,284,421,053
Chemicals and allied products.....	744,630,244	185,943,668	124,565,264	806,008,648
Miscellaneous industries.....	223,865,142	420,396,731	94,265,670	549,996,203
Totals, 1952.....	16,982,687,035²	3,125,381,333	2,892,543,945	17,215,524,423

¹ Figures for the years 1929 and 1933 are for the fiscal years ended Mar. 31 of the following years; for 1939-52 they are for the calendar year. Net imports are total imports less foreign products re-exported.
² In 1952, gross value of products was replaced by value of factory shipments; see text on p. 633f.
³ Consumption figures for the major standard industrial classification groups (see p. 644) cannot be calculated as statistics of imports and exports are still compiled on the component material classification basis.

Subsection 2.—Value and Volume of Manufacturing Production

Value of Manufacturing Production.—In the interpretation of manufacturing values over a number of years, variations in the level of prices must be borne in mind. In recent years, owing to violent changes in prices, unadjusted value series, used in isolation, have become increasingly inadequate as indicators