

9.—Principal Statistics of the Fur-Goods Industry, 1950-53

Item	1950	1951	1952	1953
Establishments..... No.	609	612	596	600
Employees on Salaries—				
Male..... No.	1,250	1,203	1,220	1,122
Female..... "	359	349	355	314
Employees on Wages—				
Male..... No.	2,728	2,625	2,629	2,745
Female..... "	1,992	1,907	1,765	1,764
Salaries paid..... \$	4,755,675	4,755,383	5,033,155	4,743,807
Wages paid..... \$	9,841,027	9,657,070	10,388,597	11,103,947
Cost of materials used..... \$	38,309,241	38,100,218	41,909,453	39,639,350
Value of products..... \$	61,930,099	61,209,546	66,245,562 ¹	63,991,716 ¹

¹ Value of factory shipments. See text p. 633.

Changes in living habits and standards in the past quarter-century are reflected in the type of goods produced by the fur-goods industry. For example, in 1921 there were 31,604 ladies' fur coats and jackets produced whereas, in 1953, the number was 220,717. The manufacture of men's fur coats showed a decided reversal in the market; there were 5,692 men's fur or fur-lined coats manufactured in 1921 but only 352 in 1953.