

Apprenticeship Training.—Apprenticeship agreements are in effect with all provinces except Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island and Quebec. Of the trades designated under the provincial Acts, emphasis is being given to the building and construction trades. In some provinces, certain categories of apprentices are given full-time training of a practical as well as a technical nature for a period of one to three months each year. For other categories, part-time training is given either in afternoon or evening classes for about seven months of the year. Provision is made with employers for adequate supervision of apprentices working on the job by the appointment of instructor-supervisors who instruct full-time classes for six to eight months and supervise for the remaining part of the year. Use is also made of trade advisory committees. Costs are shared equally by the province concerned and the Federal Government. At Mar. 31, 1952, the total number of apprentices registered was 11,031 in the seven provinces having agreements with the Federal Government.

Federal Government allotments made for the year ended Mar. 31, 1952, and claims paid (including commitments from previous years) to Apr. 30, 1952, to the different provinces, were as follows:—

<i>Province</i>	<i>Allotment</i>	<i>Payment</i>	<i>Province</i>	<i>Allotment</i>	<i>Payment</i>
	\$	\$		\$	\$
Nova Scotia.....	40,000	23,368	Saskatchewan.....	45,000	40,234
New Brunswick....	40,000	23,475	Alberta.....	161,000	158,112
Ontario.....	200,000	197,781	British Columbia...	28,500	7,634
Manitoba.....	45,500	43,798	TOTALS.....	560,000	494,403

Training of Unemployed Persons.—The Canadian Vocational Training and Co-ordination Act provides for the training of unemployed persons in receipt of unemployment insurance benefits. An amendment passed in 1948 extends the provisions to include those not in receipt of unemployment insurance benefits. The schedule covering the training of unemployed persons was accepted by all provinces, but training has not been carried out in Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island, Quebec or Ontario, the need for it not having arisen. Approved costs are shared equally by the province concerned and the Federal Government, the province recommending to the Federal Minister of Labour the scale of training allowances that should be paid.

In the year ended Mar. 31, 1952, approximately 133,489 days' training was given to 1,191 individuals, nearly all of whom were in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. At the end of that year, 583 were under training. The largest enrolment was in classes for nurses' aides. No training under this schedule was given for the designated apprentice trades.

Federal Government allotments to the different provinces for this type of training for the year ended Mar. 31, 1952, together with claims paid (including commitments from previous years) to Apr. 30, 1952, were as follows:—

<i>Province</i>	<i>Allotment</i>	<i>Payment</i>	<i>Province</i>	<i>Allotment</i>	<i>Payment</i>
	\$	\$		\$	\$
Nova Scotia.....	100,000	82,244	Saskatchewan.....	31,000	30,017
New Brunswick....	38,000	36,699	Alberta.....	60,000	50,060
Quebec.....	14,000	13,503	British Columbia...	10,000	7,608
Manitoba.....	25,000	16,749	TOTALS.....	278,000	236,881