Section 1.—Census Statistics of General Population.

Since the creation of the Dominion of Canada, in 1867, decennial censuses have been taken on the *de jure* plan as of the dates April 2, 1871, April 4, 1881, April 5, 1891, April 1, 1901, June 1, 1911, 1921, and 1931. The population of Canada and its percentage distribution as on each date, together with the absolute and percentage increases from decade to decade, are given in Tables 1 to 4 immediately following. The population is given by counties or census divisions on pp. 103-107 of the 1934-35 Year Book and corresponding areas and densities of population for 1931 on pp. 109-110 of the same edition.

1.—Population of Canada, by Provinces and Territories, in the Census Years 1871 to 1931.[1]

Province or Territory.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.	1931.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Prince Edward Island	94,021	108,891	109,078	103,259	93,728	88,615	88,038
Nova Scotia	387,800	440,572	450,396	459,574	492,338	523,837	512,846
New Brunswick	285,594	321,233	321,263	331,120	351,889	387,876	408,219
Quebec	1,191,516	1,359,027	1,488,535	1,648,898	2,005,776[2]	2,360,665[5]	2,874,255
Ontario	1,620,851	1,926,922	2,114,321	2,182,947	2,527,292[2]	2,933,662	3,431,683
Manitoba	25,228	62,260	152,506	255,211	461,394[2]	610,118	700,139
Saskatchewan	–	–	–	91,279	492,432	757,510	921,785
Alberta	–	–	–	73,022	374,295[3]	588,454	731,605
British Columbia	36,247	49,459	98,173	178,657	392,480	524,582	694,263
Yukon	–	–	–	27,219	8,512	4,157	4,230
Northwest Territories[4]	48,000	56,446	98,967	20,129	6,507[2]	7,988	9,723
Royal Canadian Navy	–	–	–	–	–	485	[6]
Totals	**3,689,257**	**4,324,810**	**4,833,239**	**5,371,315**	**7,206,643**	**8,787,949**[5]	**10,376,786**

[1]The population of the Prairie Provinces in 1906, 1916 and 1926 is shown on pp. 127-128 of the 1930 Year Book. For intercensal estimated populations, see Table 37, p. 141. [2]Corrected as a result of the Extension of Boundaries Act, 1912. [3]Corrected by transfer of population of Fort Smith (368) to Northwest Territories. [4]The decreases shown in the population of the Northwest Territories since 1891 are due to the separation therefrom of vast areas to form Alberta, Saskatchewan and Yukon and to extend the boundaries of Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba. [5]Revised in accordance with the Labrador award of the Privy Council, Mar. 1, 1927. [6]Members of the Royal Canadian Navy were counted in their homes in the Census of 1931.

2.—Percentage Distribution of Canadian Population, by Provinces and Territories, 1871 to 1931.

Province or Territory.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.	1931.
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Prince Edward Island	2·55	2·52	2·25	1·92	1·30	1·01	0·85
Nova Scotia	10·51	10·19	9·32	8·56	6·83	5·96	4·94
New Brunswick	7·74	7·43	6·65	6·16	4·88	4·41	3·94
Quebec	32·30	31·42	30·80	30·70	27·83	26·86	27·70
Ontario	43·94	44·56	43·74	40·64	35·07	33·39	33·07
Manitoba	0·68	1·44	3·16	4·75	6·40	6·94	6·75
Saskatchewan	–	–	–	1·70	6·84	8·62	8·88
Alberta	–	–	–	1·36	5·19	6·70	7·05
British Columbia	0·98	1·14	2·03	3·33	5·45	5·97	6·69
Yukon	–	–	–	0·51	0·12	0·05	0·04
Northwest Territories	1·30	1·30	2·05	0·37	0·09	0·09	0·09
Totals	**100·0**	**100·0**	**100·0**	**100·0**	**100·0**	**100·0**	**100·0**