

3. The Labrador Boundary Award.

The long-standing controversy between the Dominion of Canada and Newfoundland with regard to their boundary in the Labrador Peninsula was, by consent of both parties, referred to the Judicial Committee of the British Privy Council for decision. On March 1, 1927, this decision, awarding practically the whole territory in dispute to Newfoundland, was announced. As a consequence an area of 112,400 square miles previously included in the province of Quebec and in the Dominion of Canada by the official geographers is transferred to Newfoundland, this area including 106,970 square miles of land and 5,430 square miles of water. Thus the area of the province of Quebec, given on page 5 of this volume as 690,865 square miles of land and 15,969 square miles of water, is reduced to 583,895 square miles of land and 10,539 square miles of water; Quebec still remains, however, by far the largest of the nine provinces. The total area of the Dominion is likewise reduced from 3,654,200 square miles of land and 142,923 square miles of water, as stated on page 5 of this volume, to 3,547,230 square miles of land and 137,493 square miles of water or a total area of 3,684,723 square miles.

The population of the area awarded to Newfoundland by this decision is very small.