

11.—Number of Persons Employed in the Fisheries of Canada, 1923 and 1924.

Employed in	Sea Fisheries.		Inland Fisheries.	
	1923.	1924.	1923.	1924.
	No.	No.	No.	No.
Steam trawlers.....	193	179	-	-
Vessels.....	5,797	5,744	704	740
Boats.....	37,329	37,036	6,404	6,543
Carrying smacks.....	745	743	4	4
Fishing, not in boats.....	-	-	2,341	2,925
Total.....	44,064	43,702	9,453	10,212

Employed in	Fish-Canning and Curing Establishments.					
	1923.			1924.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Lobster canneries.....	3,506	4,139	7,645	3,004	3,598	6,602
Salmon canneries.....	2,972	1,819	4,791	3,596	1,843	5,439
Clam canneries.....	56	95	151	90	145	235
Sardine and other fish canneries.....	252	137	389	226	198	424
Whale oil and fish oil factories.....	303	1	304	219	4	223
Fish-curing establishments.....	1,929	238	2,167	2,400	213	2,613
Total.....	9,918	6,429	15,447	9,535	6,001	15,536
Grand Total in all Fisheries.....	62,535	6,429	68,964	63,449	6,001	69,450

12.—Employees and Salaries and Wages in Fish-Canning and Curing Establishments, 1920-1924.

Years.	On Salaries.		On Wages.		Contract and Piece-Workers.		Total.	
	No.	\$	No.	\$	No.	\$	No.	\$
1920.....	651	759,176	13,137	3,180,701	4,711	916,413	18,499	4,856,290
1921.....	487	551,330	10,534	2,023,040	3,083	399,016	14,104	2,973,386
1922.....	614	682,535	11,848	2,358,780	4,115	600,415	16,577	3,641,730
1923.....	585	681,101	11,265	2,443,971	3,597	644,842	15,447	3,769,914
1924.....	574	755,631	10,583	2,588,717	4,379	890,413	15,536	4,234,761

Trade.—For reasons already noted, the domestic consumption of fish is relatively small in Canada, and the trade depends largely upon foreign markets. Perhaps 60 p.c. of the annual capture is an average export, of which the United States takes from two-fifths to one-half and Great Britain one-sixth to one-fifth. In the fiscal year 1925, total exports amounted to \$33,967,009, of which \$13,912,139 went to the United States and \$6,709,951 to the United Kingdom. The most important single export is canned salmon (to Great Britain and European markets), followed closely by cod, dry salted (to the West Indies, South America, etc.). For fresh fish, especially whitefish and lobsters, the United States is the chief market. In brief, Canada's export trade in fish falls below that of Great Britain and Norway alone;