

pations. As is shown in Table 5, they constituted even a larger proportion of those engaged in domestic and personal service, in civil and municipal government, in mining and transportation, while they fell short of reaching their general proportion to the occupied population in agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting—that is, in all the primary industries except mining.

5.—Numbers and Percentage Distribution by Nativity, Sex and Industries, of Persons engaged in Gainful Occupations, 1911.

NUMBERS.

Occupations.	Total Workers.		Male Workers.		Female Workers.	
	Male.	Female.	Born in Canada.	Born outside of Canada.	Born in Canada.	Born outside of Canada.
Agriculture.....	917,848	15,887	667,207	250,641	11,954	3,933
Building trades.....	245,990	211	157,274	88,716	176	35
Domestic and personal service.....	75,133	138,879	38,597	36,536	90,904	47,975
Civil and municipal government.....	72,531	4,073	40,356	32,175	3,522	551
Fishing and hunting.....	34,547	265	31,601	2,946	258	7
Forestry.....	42,901	13	31,403	11,498	8	5
Manufactures.....	392,781	98,561	253,882	138,899	81,240	17,321
Mining.....	62,706	61	29,890	32,816	51	10
Professional.....	62,781	57,835	43,811	18,970	49,862	7,973
Trade and merchandising.....	240,903	42,184	167,289	73,614	34,471	7,713
Transportation.....	210,692	6,852	115,143	95,549	5,539	1,313
All Occupations.....	2,358,813	364,821	1,576,453	782,360	277,985	86,836

PERCENTAGES.

Occupations.	Total Workers.		Male Workers.		Female Workers.	
	Male.	Female.	Born in Canada.	Born outside of Canada.	Born in Canada.	Born outside of Canada.
Agriculture.....	98.30	1.70	72.69	27.31	75.24	24.76
Building trades.....	99.91	0.09	63.94	36.06	83.41	16.59
Domestic and personal service.....	35.10	64.89	51.37	48.63	65.45	34.55
Civil and municipal government.....	94.68	5.32	55.64	44.36	86.47	13.53
Fishing and hunting.....	99.24	0.76	91.47	8.53	97.35	2.65
Forestry.....	99.97	0.03	73.20	26.80	61.54	38.46
Manufactures.....	79.94	20.06	64.64	35.36	82.43	17.57
Mining.....	99.90	0.09	47.67	52.33	83.60	16.40
Professional.....	52.05	47.95	69.78	30.22	86.21	13.79
Trade and merchandising.....	85.09	14.91	69.44	30.56	81.72	18.28
Transportation.....	96.85	3.15	54.65	45.35	80.84	19.16
All Occupations.....	86.61	13.39	66.83	33.17	76.20	23.80

2.—Dominion Department of Labour.

The Department of Labour of the Dominion Government was established in 1900 under the authority of the Conciliation Act, 1900 (63-64 Vict., c. 24). Its chief duties originally comprised the administration of certain provisions of this statute designed to aid in the prevention and settlement of labour disputes, the administration of the Government's fair wage policy for the protection of workmen employed on the Dominion Government contracts and works aided by grant of public funds, the collection and classification of statistical and other information relative to conditions of labour, and the publication of a monthly periodical known as the "Labour Gazette." From 1900 to 1909, the Department was administered by the Postmaster General, who was also Minister of Labour. It was constituted a separate Department under the Labour Department Act, 1909 (8-9 Edw. VII, c. 22).