

are: 78,000 acres of Indian Lands, which have been divided into 280 farming units; 100,000 acres of Hudson Bay Lands; 18,000 acres at Eastview (the Pope Ranch); 10,000 acres of Doukhobor Lands near Kamsack. The Soldier Settlement Board has also made arrangements with the Western Provinces for the sale of school lands, (i.e., lands held in trust for the benefit of educational institutions), to soldier settlers and many desirable farms have thus been secured at very reasonable prices.

An illustration of the work that has been accomplished in the new lands opened for settlement is afforded by the development of the Indian Reserves. For instance, on the Piapot Reserve near Zehner, Sask., which was entirely unimproved at the time of sale, splendid progress has been made. Apart from erecting the necessary buildings and fences, sinking wells and putting up about 1,200 tons of hay, 2,200 acres have been broken and prepared for crop in 1921. On the Ochoapowace Reserve 1,650 acres have been broken, in addition to the erection of buildings, fences, etc. This reserve is near Whitewood, Sask. On the Mistawasis and Muskey Lake Reserves, which were opened for settlement in August 1920, each of the settlers has broken from 20 to 60 acres. The same development is proceeding in other Indian Reserves and in the grazing leases which have reverted to the Government. On the Pope Lease near Calgary, Alta., settlers broke 2,631 acres, erected buildings valued at \$17,000 and fencing at a cost of \$2,605.

As with the land, the settler makes his own selection of farm implements and stock, but the Board exercises supervision in the purchase in order to secure the best possible value. By an arrangement with manufacturers of farm machinery, wagons and other equipment, a substantial cut in prices is given returned men, with the result that on purchases amounting to \$14,055,470.10 a saving of \$810,334.06 has been effected. Live stock to the value of \$10,562,239.11 has been purchased for soldier settlers. All stock and equipment is purchased by the Board and resold on lien agreements. As no cash payment is required on stock and equipment the security for the amount advanced is the stock and equipment itself. The Board holds title in this way to 38,363 horses and 62,201 cattle as well as to thousands of sheep, swine, poultry and farm implements. The following figures show the average cost of live stock by provinces:

	Horses.	Cows.	Sheep.	Swine.	Poultry.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
P.E.I. ....	186 66	83 84	10 95	18 64	0 55
N.S. ....	144 04	71 72	11 29	17 71	1 00
N.B. ....	163 77	61 36	9 24	15 82	0 89
Que. ....	127 54	72 49	11 90	16 39	0 91
Ont. ....	142 22	98 73	14 51	18 26	0 77
Man. ....	178 28	67 04	13 38	15 39	0 93
Sask. ....	166 16	77 88	11 28	15 17	0 90
Alta. ....	142 80	82 52	12 20	18 80	0 94
B.C. ....	152 84	116 80	15 29	15 28	0 77
Dominion average.....	156 65	83 42	12 66	16 99	0 82