

24.—Number of Passengers, Employees and others Killed and Injured on Electric Railways, 1894-1917.

Year.	PASSENGERS.		EMPLOYEES.		OTHERS.		TOTALS.	
	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
1894-1899.....	1	23	2	9	9	12	12	44
1900.....	—	6	—	—	2	7	2	13
1901.....	3	158	1	58	11	98	15	314
1902.....	9	410	1	33	22	120	32	563
1903.....	10	504	7	62	22	212	39	778
1904.....	10	508	3	64	40	272	53	844
1905.....	30	862	3	87	23	347	56	1,296
1906.....	11	1,085	2	127	34	441	47	1,653
1907.....	27	988	7	216	37	532	71	1,736
1908.....	18	1,156	6	188	43	539	67	1,883
1909.....	11	1,303	7	218	50	618	68	2,139
1910.....	14	1,595	13	227	68	716	95	2,538
1911.....	11	1,784	8	300	83	586	102	2,670
1912.....	16	1,950	8	442	86	736	110	3,128
1913.....	17	1,662	12	392	44	490	73	2,544
1914.....	9	1,757	13	469	42	581	64	2,807
1915.....	14	1,554	6	413	44	638	64	2,605
1916.....	18	1,905	4	305	28	819	50	3,029
1917.....	11	1,541	10	395	42	792	63	2,728
Totals.....	240	20,751	113	4,005	730	8,556	1,083	33,312

MOTOR VEHICLES.

The use of motor vehicles has increased so rapidly during recent years that this means of transportation is now become one of the most important in Canada. In 1904, the number of motor vehicles registered in Ontario was only 535; in 1918 the number was 114,376. In Quebec province the number has grown from 254 in 1907 to 26,897 in 1918. For Saskatchewan the number of registered cars has increased from 8,020 in 1914 to 50,531 in 1918. For Alberta the number of registered cars in 1906 was 41; in 1918 the number was 29,300. As will be seen from Table 25 there has been a great increase in the number of motor vehicles registered in each of the provinces, whilst the total number of motor vehicles registered for all Canada in 1918 is 275,746 as compared with 69,598 in 1914, an increase of 296 p.c. in four years. The following is a brief synopsis of the laws and regulations in force in each province, and Table 26 summarizes the legal speed limits by provinces under the varying conditions specified.

Prince Edward Island.—Under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1913, with amendments and regulations, all cars must be registered in the office of the Provincial Secretary. In addition to the registration fee an annual tax is payable on the 1st of May, but this is not required of non-residents unless the car is used in the province during more than four weeks in one year. All drivers of cars, owners included, must be eighteen years old and must be licensed. Every car must have a lock, or other device, to prevent it from being operated when left unattended. The use of motor vehicles is forbidden on Sunday between 9 a.m. and 1 p.m. and between 6 p.m. and 9 p.m. The speed limits are, in cities, towns and villages $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles an hour, in places which are closely