

CHRONOLOGY.

(A more detailed list of events appeared in the Statistical Year Book of Canada for 1904, pp. 4-24.)

- 1497.—June 24, eastern coast of North America discovered by John Cabot.
- 1498.—Second expedition of Cabot. Discovery of Hudson Strait and coast of New England.
- 1534.—Jacques Cartier ascends the St. Lawrence as far as Hochelaga (Montreal).
- 1535.—Second voyage of Cartier.
- 1541.—Third voyage of Cartier.
- 1543.—Fourth voyage of Cartier.
- 1557.—September 1, death of Cartier.
- 1603.—June 22, first arrival of Champlain at Quebec.
- 1608.—Second visit of Champlain, and foundation of Quebec.
- 1615.—Champlain ascends the Ottawa river, passes through Lake Nipissing into the Georgian Bay, and through Lake Simcoe and Rice Lake into Lake Ontario.
- 1627.—Creation of "Company of 100 Associates."
- 1628.—Port Royal (Acadia) taken by Sir David Kirke.
- 1629.—April 24, Treaty of Peace between France and England signed at Susa. July 31, Quebec surrenders to Sir David Kirke. Champlain returns to France.
- 1632.—Treaty of St. Germain-en-Laye; Canada and Acadia restored to France. Champlain returns to Canada as Governor.
- 1634.—Settlement at Three Rivers.
- 1635.—December 25, death of Champlain.
- 1639.—Ursulines and Hospital nuns arrive at Quebec.
- 1640.—Discovery of Lake Erie by Brébeuf and Chaumonot.
- 1642.—Foundation of Montreal.
- 1654.—By Cromwell's orders expedition from New England under Major Robert Sedgwick seizes Acadia.
- 1655.—November 13, Treaty of Westminster, establishing peace between England and France.
- 1659.—Arrival of M. de Laval as Vicar-Apostolic, with title of Bishop of Petrea *in partibus*.
- 1663.—Dissolution of "Company of 100 Associates." February 5, severe earthquake, lasting several days.
- 1667.—Treaty of Breda; Acadia restored to France. White population of New France, 3,918.
- 1670.—May 13, Hudson's Bay Company receives its charter.
- 1672.—Frontenac appointed Governor. Population, 6,705.
- 1682.—Frontenac recalled.
- 1689.—August 5, Lachine Massacre. Oct. 12, Frontenac, re-appointed Governor, arrives at Quebec.
- 1690.—Massacres by French and Indians on New England frontier. Attack on Quebec by New Englanders under Sir William Phipps repulsed.
- 1697.—September 20, Treaty of Ryswick between France and England, providing for mutual restoration of conquered territories.
- 1698.—November 28, death of Frontenac. Population, 13,355.
- 1699.—M. de Callières appointed Governor.
- 1711.—Naval expedition under Sir Hovenden Walker against Quebec meets disaster.
- 1713.—Treaty of Utrecht gives Acadia to England.
- 1745.—Louisbourg, Cape Breton, taken by English under Sir William Pepperell and Sir Peter Warren.
- 1748.—October 18, Peace of Aix-la-Chapelle restores Louisbourg to France in exchange for Madras.
- 1749.—June 21, Foundation of Halifax by Lord Halifax.
- 1756.—War (Seven Years) between England and France. Montcalm in Quebec.
- 1758.—Representative government granted to Nova Scotia. July 26, capture of Louisbourg by British expedition under Amherst and Boscawen.