

1867. February 10. The British North American Act passed by the Imperial Legislature. July 1. Union of the provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick under the name of the Dominion of Canada. The names of Upper and Lower Canada were changed to Ontario and Quebec, respectively. Lord Monck was the first Governor General of the Dominion, and the first Parliament met on the 6th November, Sir John A. Macdonald being Premier.
1868. April 7. Hon. T. D'Arcy McGee, M.P., murdered at Ottawa. July 31. The Rupert's Land Act passed by the Imperial Government providing for the acquisition by the Dominion of the North-west Territories.
1869. April 1. Uniform rate of 3 cents for letters throughout the Dominion adopted. June 22. Bill passed providing for the Government of the North-west Territories. October 29. Hon. Wm. McDougall appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba. Red River Rebellion. November 19. Deed of surrender signed, Hudson's Bay Company's sale and transfer to Her Majesty.
1870. March 4. Thomas Scott shot at Fort Garry. Loss of SS. "City of Boston" sailed from Halifax; 191 persons lost. September 24. Arrival at Fort Garry of the expedition under Colonel (now Lord) Wolseley, when the rebels were found to have dispersed. May 25. Fenians crossed the frontier at Trout River, in Quebec, but were driven back by the volunteers. July 15. Addition of the North-west Territories to the Dominion and admission of the province of Manitoba into the confederation. This province was created out of a portion of the newly acquired territory.
1871. Pacific Railway surveys begun. Post cards issued. Stone Fort and Manitoba Post Indian Treaties (Nos. 1 and 2) negotiated. May 8. Signing of the Treaty of Washington. June 28. Imperial Act respecting establishment of provinces in Canada passed. July 20. Admission of British Columbia into the confederation. British Columbia granted responsible government. Population of the four provinces, 3,485,761; of Manitoba, 18,995; of British Columbia, 36,224, and of Prince Edward Island, 94,021. Total, 3,635,001. November 11. The last regular troops left Quebec.
1872. Abolition of dual representation. Dominion archives established. Earl of Dufferin appointed Governor General. Manitoba *Free Press* established.
1873. April 1. Wreck of S.S. "Atlantic" near Halifax; 547 persons drowned. May 20. Death of Sir George E. Cartier in London. North-west Anglo Indian Treaty (No. 3) signed by Hon. Alex. Morris. July 1. Hon. Joseph Howe made Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia. Admission of Prince Edward Island into the confederation. November 7. Mackenzie Administration formed. Island of St. Juan awarded to the United States by the Emperor of Germany.
1874. Qu'Appelle Indian Treaty (No. 4) signed by Hon. A. Morris.
1875. Rupert's Land and North-west Territories placed under jurisdiction of a Lieutenant Governor separate and distinct from Manitoba. Lake Winnipeg Indian Treaty (No. 5) signed by Hon. A. Morris and Hon. J. McKay. Prince Edward Island Railway opened.
1875. Presbyterian Church in Canada formed by the Union of all the Presbyterian Churches. Royal Military College, Kingston (established by Act of Canadian Parliament, 1874) opened.
1876. Opening of the Intercolonial Railway from Quebec to Halifax. Forts Carleton and Pitt Indian Treaty (No. 6) signed. Canadians awarded 300 prizes at Exhibition in Philadelphia, U.S.A. Supreme Court of Canada first session. Legislative Council of Manitoba abolished. District of Keewatin created by Act of Parliament.
1877. May. Medical Council of Great Britain decided to recognize Canadian degrees. June 20. Great fire in St. John, New Brunswick. September. First convention of Dom. Y. M. C. Association in Quebec. October. First exportation of wheat from Manitoba to Great Britain. November 23. Award by Halifax Fisheries Commission of the sum of \$5,500,000 to be paid by the United States to the Imperial Government. Treaty with the Blackfeet Indians (No. 7) signed by Hon. David Laird.
1878. Conservatives won in General Election. Canadians awarded 225 prizes at Paris Exhibition. Canada Temperance Act passed by Federal Parliament. Marquis of Lorne appointed Governor General of Canada.
1879. Adoption of a protective tariff, otherwise called the "National Policy."
1880. Death of the Hon. George Brown. All British possessions on North American continent (excepting Newfoundland) annexed to Canada by Imperial Order in Council from 1st Sept., 1880. The Arctic Archipelago transferred to Canada by Imperial Order in Council.