

which is increasing in value as a commercial wood, grows to a large size, and is frequently found 200 feet in height and 20 feet in diameter.

27. According to figures published by the Quebec Government it is estimated that there have been produced in that province since 1867, 11,668,965,549 feet B.M., and 72,424,363 cubic feet of timber, while \$11,570,420 have been collected for dues. Production of timber in Quebec, 1867-1890.

28. The agricultural and fishing industries are alluded to in detail in subsequent chapters. Agricultural and fishing industries.

29. The total number of industrial establishments in Canada, according to the census taken in April, 1891, was 75,765. In 1881 the number was 49,923, showing that during ten years there was an increase of 25,842, or nearly 52 per cent. Industrial establishments, 1891.

30. The total number of employés in these establishments in 1891 was 367,496, an increase of 112,561 during the ten years, which is equal to 44 per cent. Classified, the employés in 1881 and 1891 were as under:— Number of employés.

NUMBER OF EMPLOYÉS IN CANADA, 1881 AND 1891.

—	1881.	1891.	INCREASE.	
			Numerical.	Percentage.
Men	193,945	270,764	76,819	39·6
Women	41,542	70,262	28,720	69·0
Boys	14,181	19,421	5,240	36·7
Girls	5,267	7,049	1,782	33·7
Total	254,935	367,496	112,561	44·1

31. The position of the provinces towards each other in respect to industrial establishments and employés in 1881 and 1891 was as follows:— Establishments and employés, 1881 and 1891.

PROVINCES.	1881.		1891.	
	Establishments.	Employés.	Establishments.	Employés.
Ontario	23,058	118,308	32,028	165,335
Quebec	15,848	85,673	23,110	116,467
Nova Scotia	5,459	20,390	10,372	34,250
New Brunswick	3,117	19,922	5,419	26,609
Other provinces	2,441	10,642	4,836	24,835
Total	49,923	254,935	75,765	367,496