

plative, and banded accordingly. Packages not giving such vapour to be branded "Inspected." Manner of testing to be determined by Departmental Regulations. Packages put up for exportation are exempt, unless at request of owner; but if offered for sale in Canada, are liable to compulsory inspection. Any offered for sale, unless inspected immediately after being refined or imported, is liable to seizure and forfeiture. Persons holding petroleum, with respect to which the Act has not been complied with, are liable to a penalty of \$5 per package. Inspection fees: On packages not more than 10 gals., 3 cents; 10 to 50 gals., 5 cts., and 5 cts. for each additional 50 gals. or fraction. They are recoverable, with costs, before any J. P. Penalty for falsely branding, effacing or counterfeiting brands, or branding or acting as inspector without proper authority or beyond limits within which the person acting is authorized, or lending brands, &c., or being otherwise privy to illegal branding or effacing of brands, is a fine of \$100. Penalties up to \$40 may be recovered before 2 J. P.; those over \$40, in a Recorder's Court, or other Court having jurisdiction to the amt.—Execution in the former case by distress warrant; in the latter, as in case of debt. Actions, &c., for recovery are to be commenced within 6 mos. When petroleum is sold subject to inspection, the vendor must pay or reimburse fees, unless a contrary stipulation is made, and such agreement implies a warranty that the provisions of the Act are complied with and the petroleum is of the quality for which it is sold.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Chap. 15—The standard or Imperial bushel is that always to be understood in an agreement, unless otherwise settled therein, except in the case of ordinary grains or vegetables, with respect to which, the bushel is by weight as heretofore. The hundred-weight is 100 lbs. avoirdupois, and the ton 2000 lbs. avoirdupois, and all duties or tolls are to be calculated at that rate, and public weighers and measurers must use that standard, under a penalty of \$20. In all contracts for articles sold by weight, the above standards are to be understood, and weight to be specified by cents and parts of cental. When the Winchester bushel is agreed upon it shall be to the Imperial or Standard bushel as 1 to 131-1000, and the wine gallon shall be 5-8ths of the standard or Imperial gallon. Re-inspection and verification of weights and measures and weighing machines are to be made within 2 mos. before instead of after the expiring of the year after a previous inspection. Full fees are only payable when they are found incorrect, otherwise only one fourth. The offering for sale of an unstamped weight, measure or weighing machine, or using such measure for measuring work, is no longer subject to the same penalty as other use of it; nor is a manufacturer or dealer in weights, weighing machines, or measures, liable to penalty for having them in his warehouse, un-inspected, nor need he have them inspected while there; but all others having unstamped measures, weights or weighing machines, are liable to a penalty of \$50

for the first, and \$10 for any subsequent offence,—the article being seized and held till the penalty and inspection fees are paid. In default of payment within the time specified in conviction, they are forfeited. A manufacturer or dealer is not compelled to produce his weights, &c., for inspection. The penalty for refusal by others, to produce for or permit inspection, is \$20 for the first and \$40 for the second offence. Penalties not exceeding \$50 may be collected before a competent Civil Court or a J. P., those over that amount only before 2 J. P. or a Magistrate having the jurisdiction of 2 J. P. Suits for penalties are to be brought by the Inspector or Deputy Inspector, who accounts to the Department; but a person aggrieved by the use of illegal weights, &c., may recover treble damages and costs. Officers may adjust or alter weights, measures, or weighing machines, verified by or submitted to him, and receive compensation therefor.

CULLING AND MEASURING TIMBER.

Chap. 16—The Collector of slide dues at Quebec, and Supervisor of Cullers, shall be the same person. The G. in C. may regulate the number of Cullers to be employed in the office of the latter, (those for square timber not to exceed 18, to be employed in rotation,) and for granting annuities as already provided to Cullers employed on 1st May 1876, and payment thereof out of the net revenues of the office. If there be no net revenue they are to be paid out of the C. R. F. The G. in C. may so adjust the fees as to give each Culler \$700 per an. Every Culler must hold himself in readiness for his work from daylight to dark on each lawful day. For refusal, neglect or delay he forfeits \$80 to the person injured. The Supervisor may suspend a Culler for impropriety of conduct, disobedience of orders or incapacity, subject to appeal to Board of Examiners.

HARBOURS, PIERS, &c.

Chap. 17—All harbours, wharves, piers, &c., belonging to the Dominion are under the control of the M. M. F., as respects the use, regulation, and tolls thereof and thereon: construction and repairs, except those of mere maintenance, under the control of the M. P. W. The G. G. may appoint persons to have charge and collect dues under the M. M. and F., and fix their salaries. The G. in C. may make regulations for use, and establish tolls and dues, and impose penalties for their contravention, not exceeding \$200. A lien is created on vessels using such works, and the goods for which they are incurred, for tolls or dues unpaid; and no clearance is to be granted until a receipt for their payment is produced. Such regulations are not in force till published in the *Canada Gazette*. Penalties are recoverable summarily before a J. P. If tolls remain unpaid for 4 weeks or more, a J. P. may, on application of the officer, supported by affidavit, issue an order for the sale of so much as may be necessary to pay dues and costs, not exceeding \$5. All tolls, &c., are to be paid over to the R. G., but also reported to the M. M. and F., and a report