

not consent, then with a jury of 6 persons, as also in cases where longer imprisonment may be inflicted. In cases which may be punished by death, he must also be assisted by two J. P. The procedure shall be as nearly as possible the same as in summary cases, but the judge must take, or cause to be taken, full notes of the evidence, and the prisoner may make full answer and defence by counsel. When sentence of death is pronounced, the case is to be reported, and full notes of evidence sent to the M. of J., and sentence not to be executed till pleasure of the G. G. is communicated to the L. G. Till otherwise provided by ordinance, the Magistrate decides what male persons shall be summoned as jurors. The prisoner in cases of treason or felony has 6 peremptory challenges; the Crown, 4. Challenges for cause to be as under 32 and 33 V., c. 29. If jury list is exhausted, the summoning by word of mouth of *tales* from among the bystanders is provided for. Persons making default or refusing to serve are liable to \$10 fine. Sentences of 2 yrs. or over are to be served in the Manitoba Penitentiary. Returns of trials and proceedings are to be made to the L. G. In civil causes the jury is to be summoned as in criminal. Execution is to be carried into effect in accordance with any ordinance of the L. G. in C., or if there be none, then as in Manitoba. The Act 39 V., c. 22, respecting intoxicants in the N. W. Territories, is repealed. The limitation of the application of 32-33 V., c. 30, to offences committed in the N. W. T. and triable in Manitoba, is taken away. Either the English or French languages may be used in the Council and Courts. Records and journals are to be kept, and the laws printed in both. Stip. Magistrates have the same power in Keewatin as in the N. W. T. So have the Chief Justice and Judges of Manitoba when required to act by the G. in C. Otherwise, the jurisdiction of these latter outside their Province seems to be taken away.

ORDNANCE AND ADMIRALTY LANDS.

Chap. 8—Declares these lands as set forth in the schedules to the Act to be vested in Her Majesty for the purposes of Canada, subject to all conditions, leases and agreements already existing. They are to be divided into two classes. Class 1 to be retained for purposes of defence, and occupied by forces under the Crown or leased; class 2 to be leased or sold, and proceeds in either case to be paid in to R. G. to credit of C. R. F. Rights acquired in or to such lands not to be affected, and improvements made by persons in occupation, with consent of the Crown, to be paid for before the land is sold or leased. All sales, except to a Province, to be by auction.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Chap. 9—The Geological and Natural History Survey is to continue, under charge of M. of I., and it is to be known as the Geological Branch of that Dept. Its duties are defined to be: 1. "To collect, classify or arrange such specimens as may be necessary to ensure a complete and exact knowledge of the mineralogical

resources of the several Provinces and Territories of Canada; to carry on palaeontological investigations; to study and report upon the *fauna* and *flora* of the Dominion, and to make such other researches as will best tend to ensure the carrying into effect the object and purposes of this Act. 2. To continue to collect the necessary materials for a Canadian Museum of Natural History, Mineralogy and Geology. 3. To report from time to time, in such manner and form as the Minister may direct, their proceedings under this Act, and to furnish proper maps, diagrams, drawings and collections of specimens to illustrate the same." The Director is to report each year to the Minister, and his report is to be laid before Parlt. A Director and assistants are to be appointed by the G. in C., who will fix their salaries subject to the approval of Parlt. The Superannuation Act is to apply to the permanent officers. The museum may be removed to Ottawa, when G. in C. sees fit. It is to be open to the public from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. each day (Sundays excepted): The G. in C. may order its enlargement and the distribution of duplicate specimens to scientific, literary and educational institutions in Canada and other countries. The Director may cause topographical, geographical or other measurements or observations to be made, and monuments or marks to be placed. All railway and canal cos. incorporated under Dominion authority since the Railway Act 1867 are to furnish plans and sections of their surveys on demand of the Director, and at the cost of the Department. Persons employed in one branch of the Department may be called on to serve in another.

CUSTOMS.

Chap. 10—Amends and consolidates the laws relating to the Customs. Unenumerated articles are subject to a like duty to the enumerated articles which they most resemble; if equally like two, they are subject to the higher duty. When two articles are mixed the product bears the duty of the higher rated; spirits, &c., flavoured, bear the duty of the liquor of which they have the flavour. In cases of doubt, the G. in C. may determine the duty to be paid, or the exemption from duty, and an O. in C. so declaring, and published in the *Canada Gazette*, has the force of law till Parlt. otherwise decides. All duties are payable in Canadian currency and according to the Weights and Measures fixed by the Statute in that behalf. They are to be levied in like proportion on any greater or less quantity than those named in the Act. They are collectable subject to the provisions of law respecting the collections and management of the revenue, the auditing of public accounts, &c., and the moneys are to be paid over to the K. G. and form part of the C. R. F.

ENTRIES

No goods shall be unladen from any vessel from a foreign port, or from a coasting vessel having dutiable goods on board, nor shall bulk be broken within 3 leagues of the coast until entry has been made and a warrant for unloading granted; nor is a vessel to be unladen, (unless suf-