

ration is to consist of the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor and Members of the Senate and of Convocation for the time being. The Senate consists of the Chancellor and 24 members exclusive of *ex-officio* members—of whom 15 are to be elected by Convocation and 9 appointed by the L. G. Three of each class of members retire each year—as determined by ballot. The Chancellor holds office for 3 years, and is to be elected by the convocation—which consists of all Doctors and Bachelors of Law and Medicine, Masters in Surgery, Doctors of Science and all Bachelors of Arts or of Science of 3 yrs. standing. The Head Masters of High Schools elect among themselves a representative to the Senate. Among other powers of Convocation is the deciding for or against the application of colleges, &c., on terms prescribed by the Senate. The Senate grant degrees, &c. The L. G. in C. may grant a salary of \$2400 to the bursar: and retiring allowances to Professors, Lecturers, &c.

PRACTICAL SCIENCE.

Cap. 30.—Establishes a School of Practical Science in the City of Toronto, for instruction in mining, engineering and mechanical and manufacturing arts. Also a museum of geology and mineralogy in connection therewith. Owners of mines must furnish on request, specimens of ores contained in their mines under a penalty of a fine not exceeding \$50, recoverable according to the provisions of the law respecting *Summary Convictions*. The L. G. in C. makes rules and regulations for the government of the School, and appoints the lecturers, &c. Agreement may be made with the University of Toronto for attendance upon its lectures and use of its Museum and appliances. Annual reports are to be submitted to the Legislature.

CUSTODY OF INSANE PERSONS

Cap. 31.—Upon sworn information of any person that another is in his belief insane and likely to commit crime, rendering it dangerous that he should go at liberty, 1 or more J. P. may issue a warrant to bring such person before them, and proceed at once on his being so brought, or in 3 days thereafter to receive proof. They may adjourn the examination for further proof, using endeavours to ascertain from relatives or those who know prisoner's life and habits, the facts. They shall also enquire into his means of support and who are dependent on him to ascertain if he should be maintained as a pauper lunatic. If it be ascertained that he is insane and dangerous he is to be committed to prison to await the order of the L. G. in C. in his behalf. If the J. P. finds the enquiry may be more inexpensively or conveniently presented elsewhere, he or they may decline to proceed further; and after committing the County Judge may make any further examination which he may deem necessary or expedient. Constables and Peace officers must obey orders and writs &c., of J. P. and Judge as in other matters. The county Judge or 2 J. P. may discharge the prisoner if satisfied and they receive the report of the gaol physician and another medical man after separate examinations that he is not insane or if so is not dangerous. If the Judge and medical men certify that he is a fit person to be confined in a

lunatic asylum, the L. G. through the Prov. Secy. directs his removal to and detention in such asylum, and he shall remain there till on evidence of recovery, his discharge by the L. G. is ordered. But the medical superintendent may (except in case of committal for an offence) deliver him, when he thinks fit, to the custody of his friends. He may be re-committed by order of the superintendent within 6 months if he again become dangerous. If he escape, any officer or servant of the asylum or any one under their directions, may capture and return him without warrant, within 48 hours. An insane person's estate is liable for his maintenance, and a husband for an insane wife; but the Inspector, who, in his corporate name, may demand payment, need not do so if those dependent on the estate require the moneys. The claims of the Inspector are good against any conveyance of the insane person, unless for full value paid or secured, unless the other party had no notice of insanity. Till notified of committee appointed by chancery, the Inspector may manage estate of lunatic, and if the lunatic dies in asylum, he becomes such committee till another is appointed to administer. Provision is made for enquiry into sanity of a person confined in gaol similar to that above. A person found insane as above, in 30 days after removal into Ontario, may be returned to Province or County whence he came. The expenses of any investigation are to be paid by the county, city or town in which it takes place, but are recoverable from the county, city or town in which he last resided for 1 yr. For admission of any ordinary lunatic into an asylum without the order of the L. G., it requires the certificates of 3 physicians of separate examination, stating facts developed in each.

PROVINCIAL INSTITUTIONS FOR DEAF, DUMB AND BLIND.

Cap. 32.—Defines the object and design of the Institution for the Education and Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb at Belleville; and the Institution for the Education and Instruction of the Blind at Brantford, Ontario. Enables the Lt. Governor to appoint and fix salaries of officers and servants of said institutions. Inspector appointed under the first clause of *The Prison and Asylum Inspection Act, 1863*, to have same powers as conferred on him in respect of asylums for the insane.

HOSPITAL FOR DRUNKARDS.

Cap. 33.—Enables the Lt. Governor to purchase for the use of the Province lands whereon to erect buildings for an Hospital, to be known as the Ontario Hospital for Inebriates, to appoint and fix salaries of officers and servants required for said Hospital. Inspector appointed under the first clause of the *Prison and Asylum Inspection Act, 1863*, to have same powers as conferred on him in respect of asylums for the insane. Said Hospital shall be for males only—any person may be admitted on his own application for not more than 1 year, provided he is shewn to superintendent to be a fitting subject. Or a person may be committed on information of any relative or friend sworn before a Com. of Q. B. or C. P., that he cannot manage his own affairs, or renders himself dangerous by reason of drunkenness, or is ruining his health, or shortening his life. The County Judge hears