

Remarkable Events.

OF YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.

OCTOBER—1872.

1. Rinderpest appears in Belgium. Immense exodus of Alsations into France.
2. Opening of Ladies Educational Association, Montreal. Lord Hatherly resigns the Chancellorship. Terrible Railroad accident near Carlisle. Escorial, Spain, struck by lightning and partly burned. St. Patrick's Hall, Montreal, burned.
4. Agrarian violence in County Mayo, Ireland. Outbreak of terrible horse distemper in Toronto. Typhus fever prevalent throughout Mexico.
6. Terrible thunderstorm throughout the Dominion.
7. Nova Scotia sections of Intercolonial Railway opened.
8. Price of coal in England again advanced. Great excitement in the U. S. from elections.
9. Heavy Rain Storm in South of England. Burial of King of Sweden.
10. Run on City and District Savings Bank, Montreal. Death of Hon. W. H. Seward.
11. Prince Napoleon receives notice to leave France.
12. Horse disease appears at Ottawa and other places in Dominion. Severe storm on the Coast of England.
14. Meeting of "National" Board of Trade at New York with delegation from "Dominion" Board. Cholera ravaging several towns in Poland. First snow of the season at Ottawa.
15. Arrival of the Fall fleet at Halifax. 31 new books added to the Index Expurgatorin.
18. Sir Roundell Palmer appointed Lord Chancellor. British Telegraph wires disarranged by severe storms, and the rivers Rhone, Saone and Loire overflowed.
21. Epidemic among horses, extending through New England and Middle States.
22. Telegraphic communication open between London and Australia.
24. San Juan question decided in favour of United States. Germans evacuate the Departments of the Marne. River Po overflows its banks, creating great loss.
25. New Ontario Cabinet formed.
28. Excitement in Liverpool from Sunday closing of liquor shops. Hurricane at Syracuse.
29. Ultramontane sermon by Father Braun creates a great sensation in Dominion.
30. Teams of oxen used in the streets of New York in consequence of horse disease. Burning of S.S. Missouri. Prussian Diet reject Reform Bill and are dissolved.

NOVEMBER.

1. General Conference of Jews at Brussels. Music Hall at Oxford destroyed by fire.
3. Incessant rain in England. Horse disease appears in Devonshire. War between Prussia and Khiva. Great meeting in Hyde Park in favor of Fenian amnesty.
5. Election returns in U. S. Gen. Grant again elected President; Prussian Government create a number of new Peers.
6. Terrible hurricane near Brescia, Italy.

New Commercial Treaty between France and England signed.

7. Meeting of Quebec Legislature.
9. Lord Mayor's Day. Lord Granville makes the Ministerial Speech at banquet. Largest fire in London for 12 years. Terrible fire in Boston, Mass.
11. Steamer Mauritius lost in the North Channel. National Assembly of France meets.
12. Session of Prussian Diet re-opened, and Upper House choose a friend of the Government as President. European Governments decline to join with Great Britain in active measures to put down slave trade.
13. Heavy gales on British coast. President Thiers' message to National Assembly.
15. Telegraph Banquet at Adelaide, Australia. Telegrams sent to New York and Ottawa. Snow a foot deep at Buffalo, N.Y.
16. Terrible hurricane on Danish coast. Villages destroyed.
18. 80 men of the London police force dismissed for insubordination. General strike of Pennsylvania miners.
20. Resignation of President Thiers.
21. Bill for the suppression of religious corporations introduced into Italian Parliament.
22. Completion of the payment of the three milliard of French war indemnity. Abolition of Dual Representation in Quebec Legislature.
23. Shah of Persia grants to Baron Reuter exclusive powers to construct railways, tramways and waterworks, and to work mines in Persia.
29. Death of Horace Greeley. Insubordination in Dublin Police. French Assembly sustain Thiers by very small majority.

DECEMBER.

1. Storm and loss of life at St. John, N.B. Khedive sends troops to the aid of Sir Samuel Baker. Great agitation in France. Large Republican meeting in Hyde Park.
2. Thiers finally consents to remain President.
3. Gas-stokers in London strike, causing much trouble.
4. London in partial darkness. Funeral of Horace Greeley.
5. Waters of the Po again overflow and inundate the country. Another adverse vote in French Assembly.
7. Counties Reform Bill passes its final reading in Prussian Diet.
8. Great storm in England. Terrific westerly gale, causing great destruction.
10. Fire in Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, with great loss of life. Destructive gale at Paris.
12. Austrian Reichsrath assembles.
13. Fall of snow in the north of England. Continued disturbances in French Assembly.
14. Rivers in France overflow, and many parts of the country are inundated. Suppression of Jesuits determined on in Italian Legislature. Death of Viscountess Beaconsfield.
15. Retirement of Prince Bismarck.
18. Another storm in England. Large tracts of land inundated. Denmark, Sweden and Norway sign a Convention for uni-