## CHAPTER IX.—AGRICULTURE

## CONSPECTUS

	PAGE		PAGE
SECTION 1. FEDERAL GOVERNMENT IN RELA- TION TO AGRICULTURE	398	SECTION 4. STATISTICS OF AGRICULTURE Subsection 1. Review of Agricultural Pro-	430
SPECIAL ARTICLE: The National Agricul- tural Program	399	duction and Trade, 1960 Subsection 2. Cash Income from the Sale of	430
Subsection 1. Services of the Department of		Farm Products, 1959 Subsection 3. Volume of Agricultural Pro-	
Agriculture Subsection 2. Farm Credit and Assistance	402 405	duction Subsection 4. Field Crops	436 437
Subsection 3. Canada's Relationship with FAO	409	Subsection 5. Livestock and Poultry Subsection 6. Dairying	443
Section 2. Provincial Governments in Relation to Agriculture	411	Subsection 7. Fruits and Vegetables Subsection 8. Other Principal Farm Prod-	451
Subsection 1. Agricultural Services Subsection 2. Agricultural Colleges and	411	ucts Subsection 9. Prices of Agricultural Products	454 459
Schoola	417	Subsection 10. Food Consumption	461
SECTION 3. LAND AND WATER CONSERVATION Subsection 1. Federal Projects	420 420	SECTION 5. AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS OF THE CENSUS	465
Subsection 2. Provincial Projects	426 1	SECTION 6. INTERNATIONAL CROP STATISTICS	466

The interpretation of the symbols used in the tables throughout the Year Book will be found facing p. 1 of this volume.

Agriculture in Canada, though no longer supreme among the primary industries, is of major importance to the economy of the country as a whole and is still basic to many areas. The area of occupied farm land of 271,756 sq. miles (1956) amounts to only 10.7 p.c. of the total area of the provinces and has shown little increase during the past two decades, but cultivation in this static area has become greatly intensified, producing most of the food products required by a rapidly increasing population and providing surpluses of wheat and other grains, wheat flour, livestock, fruits and vegetables and of many prepared and manufactured agricultural products for world markets. The agricultural economy has been undergoing continual change ever since the pioneer farmer first began to produce more than his requirements and to desire products other than those produced on his own land, but that change has now become extremely marked. The evolution in farming practice under the impact of technological and scientific advances, its commercialization and the development of its greater interdependence on other branches of the economy are outlined in a special article entitled "The Revolution in Canadian Agriculture" appearing in the 1960 Year Book at pp. 434-439. Other articles that have appeared in previous Year Books dealing with the historical development of agriculture and with significant features of that progress are listed in Chapter XXVI under the heading "Special Material Published in Former Editions of the Year Book".