

## PRODUCTION.

with 22,760 tons valued at \$5,109,088 in 1914. The production of copper in matte was 19,608 tons, value \$3,921,600, as compared with 14,453 tons, value \$2,081,332, in 1914. Of the increase in value, as compared with 1914, amounting to \$11,236,885, the sum of \$10,588,756 represents the increase in valuation placed upon the nickel and copper contents of the Sudbury mattes. Even on the low basis of the valuation the figures for 1915 record a total increase in production over 1914 of \$648,129.

**British Columbia.**—According to the Annual Report of the Provincial Mineralogist the total mineral production for the calendar year 1915 was of the value of \$29,447,508, as compared with \$26,388,825 in 1914, an increase of \$3,058,683, or about 12 p.c. The principal mineral products of British Columbia are gold, lead, copper and coal. Table 62 shows the quantity and value of the mineral production of British Columbia for the three calendar years 1913-15.

62.—Quantity and Value of Mineral Products in British Columbia for the Calendar Years 1913-1915.

Products.	1913.		1914.		1915.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
		\$		\$		\$
Gold, placer.oz.		510,000	—	565,000	38,500	770,000
“ lode. . . . .“	272,254	5,627,490	247,170	5,109,004	250,021	5,167,934
Silver. . . . .“	3,465,856	1,968,606	3,602,180	1,876,736	3,366,506	1,588,991
Lead. . . . .lb.	55,364,677	2,175,832	50,625,048	1,771,877	46,503,590	1,939,200
Copper. . . . .“	46,460,305	7,094,489	45,009,699	6,121,319	56,918,405	9,835,500
Zinc. . . . .“	6,758,768	324,421	7,866,467	346,125	12,982,440	1,460,524
Coal. . . . .ton	2,137,483	7,481,190	1,810,967	6,338,385	1,611,129	5,638,952
Coke <sup>1</sup> . . . . .“	286,045	1,716,270	234,577	1,407,462	245,871	1,475,226
Miscellaneous products. . . . .	—	3,398,100	—	2,852,917	—	1,571,181
<b>Total. . . . .</b>	—	<b>30,296,398</b>	—	<b>26,388,825</b>	—	<b>29,447,508</b>

<sup>1</sup>Long tons of 2,240 lb.

## MANUFACTURES.

Table 63 gives the principal statistics of manufactures for the census years 1900 and 1910, together with the total increase and the increase p.c., and Table 64 gives records for 1900, 1905, and 1910 by provinces, as taken in 1901, 1906 and 1911. (See Year Book 1913, pp. 215-225.)

63.—Statistics of Manufactures of Canada, 1900 and 1910.

Items.		1900.	1910.	Increase.	Increase p.c.
Establishments. . . . .	No.	14,650	19,218	4,568	31.18
Capital. . . . .	\$	446,916,487	1,247,583,609	800,667,122	179.15
Employees on salaries. . . . .	No.	30,691	44,077	13,386	43.61
Salaries. . . . .	\$	23,676,146	43,779,715	20,103,569	84.91
Employees on wages. . . . .	No.	308,482	471,126	162,644	52.72
Wages. . . . .	\$	89,573,204	197,228,701	107,655,497	120.19
Raw and partly manufactured materials. . . . .	\$	266,527,858	601,509,018	334,981,160	125.68
Products. . . . .	\$	481,053,375	1,165,975,639	684,922,264	142.38