

GRAIN STATISTICS.

49.—Shipments of Grain by vessels and all rail route from Fort William and Port Arthur for the crop years ended August 31, 1912 and 1913.

Grain.	1911-12.			1912-13.		
	Vessels.	Rail.	Totals.	Vessels.	Rail.	Totals.
	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
Wheat—						
No. 1 Hard	364	3,681	4,045	216,739	23,812	240,551
No. 1 Northern	2,687,048	241,039	2,928,087	12,543,518	1,164,507	13,708,025
No. 2 Northern	11,960,624	816,655	12,777,279	32,330,989	3,819,900	36,150,889
No. 3 Northern	20,818,864	2,402,597	23,221,461	25,656,393	1,321,331	26,977,724
Sundry grades..	52,158,797	11,398,184	63,556,981	26,843,255	4,035,573	30,878,828
Screenings	211,715	241,323	453,038	1,271,568	—	1,271,568
Total wheat..	87,837,412	15,103,479	102,940,891	98,862,462	10,365,123	109,227,585
Oats.....	20,767,883	6,776,522	27,544,405	28,043,423	5,515,426	33,558,849
Barley.....	2,934,889	293,010	3,227,899	8,776,003	1,186,922	9,962,925
Flaxseed....	4,154,830	1,443,328	5,598,158	15,927,287	700,094	16,627,381
Rye.....	7,064	4,544	11,608	5,062	—	5,062
Total grain..	115,702,078	23,620,833	139,322,961	151,614,237	17,767,565	169,381,802

Iron and Steel Bounties.—In 1883 a bounty of \$1.50 per ton of 2,000 lb. was first granted on pig iron produced from Canadian ore. This bounty was continued annually until June 30, 1886. On July 1, 1886, the rate was reduced to \$1 per ton, at which it remained until June 30, 1892. From July 1, 1892, to June 30, 1897, the rate was \$2 per ton, and from June 28, 1897, to April 23, 1902, the rates were \$3 per ton from Canadian ore and \$2 per ton from foreign ore. A sliding scale of rates was then introduced, beginning with \$2.70 from Canadian ore and \$1.80 from foreign ore, which scale in 1906 left the rates at \$1.05 per ton from Canadian and 70 cents per ton from foreign ore. In 1907 a new sliding scale was authorized under which for the calendar years 1907 and 1908, \$2.10 was paid from Canadian and \$1.10 from foreign ore; for 1909 the rates were respectively \$1.70 and 70 cents and in 1910, 90 cents and 40 cents. On December 31, 1910, the bounty for pig iron ceased, excepting for that produced from Canadian ore by the electric process. No claim has however yet been made for pig iron produced in this manner.

A bounty on steel made in Canada was first granted as from March 27, 1894, the rate being \$2 per ton, which continued in force until June 30, 1897. The rate was \$3 per ton from July 1, 1897, to April 23, 1902, when a sliding scale was introduced which commencing at \$2.70 per ton was reduced to \$1.05 in 1906. The rates were for 1907 and 1908 \$1.65, for 1909 \$1.05 and for 1910 60 cents per ton. The