The following are the statistics of divorce as given in the public records:

DIVORCES IN CANADA.

| • | GRANTED BY PARLIAMENT. | | | | GRANTED BY COURTS. | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| YEAR. | On- tario. | Que- bec. | North- west. Terri- tories. | Mani- toba. | Nova Scotia. | New Bruns- wick. | British Col- umbia. | Prince Edward Island, |
| 1868 1869 1870 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1890 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 | 1 | 1 3 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 1 2 2 1 3 4 1 5 1 1 3 2 4 4 3 4 4 4 1 3 3 4 4 3 3 5 1 5 6 2 2 5 5 1 10 | 2 1 2 3 2 2 2 2 1 7 3 3 5 3 1 6 3 5 1 | 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 *1 2 2 3 3 6 *2 *4 7 7 | |
| Total | 49 | 17 | 3 | 2 | 102 | 73 | 54 | |

^{*}In British Columbia, in addition to the diverce, five judicial separations have been granted, one in 1892; one in 1893; one in 1899, and two in 1900, besides in the latter year four applications (male) having been granted 'Decree Nisi.'

In Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba and the North-west Territories divorce can only be obtained by legislation—an Act of the Parliament of Canada being necessary. The rules of the Senate touching divorce require the production of such evidence in support of the application for relief as would be deemed sufficient in a court of law; in other respects the matter is dealt with as for an ordinary private Act of Parliament.