

MILITIA.

By the Union Act, 1867, the command in chief of all naval and military forces of and in Canada is vested in the King, and the control of the same is placed in the Parliament of Canada.

At Confederation the Parliament of Canada established a Department of Militia and Defence, the first Minister being Sir George E. Cartier. The first Militia Act was passed in 1868, 31 Vic., Chap. 40, in accordance with the provisions of the fifteenth section of the Union Act, 1867.

The following is a statement of the regimental establishments of the permanent and active militia for the year ended June 30, 1902 :—

REGIMENTAL ESTABLISHMENTS OF THE PERMANENT AND ACTIVE MILITIA OF CANADA, 1901-1902.

Permanent Corps.

Regiments of	Officers.	Warrant Officers.	Staff Sgts. and Sergeants.	Rank and File.	Total.	Horses.
Royal Canadian Dragoons.....	10	1	18	80	109	80
Canadian Mounted Rifles	6		12	42	60	41
Royal Canadian Artillery	23	4	54	374	455	98
Royal Canadian Regiment of Infantry.	25	4	59	309	397	7
Total.....	64	9	143	805	1,021	226

Active Militia.

* Cavalry	239	1	245	2,391	2,876	2,593
† Artillery, Field	102	1	147	1,378	1,628	810
‡ Artillery, Garrison.....	141	2	145	1,931	2,219	21
§ Engineers	18	.....	22	288	328	.....
α Mounted Rifles.	36	.....	66	495	597	586
β Bearer Companies.	27	.....	63	254	344	.....
γ Field Hospitals.	24	.....	40	128	192	.....
δ Army Service Corps.....	12	12	24	92	140	76
|| Infantry..	2,193	41	2,406	24,826	29,766	336
	3,092	57	3,158	31,783	38,090	4,422

* 7 Regiments; 4 Squadrons. † 2 Brigades; 16 Batteries. ‡ 6 Regiments; 2 Companies. § 2 Companies. α 11 Squadrons. β 8 Companies. γ 8 Companies. δ 4 Companies. || 87 Regiments; 6 Companies.