GENERAL STATISTICS.

The migration of human beings for a little more than the last half century, from the densely settled to the unpeopled portions of the earth, is one of the most remarkable features of the age we live i., and it bids fair in the immediate future to assume even more yeast proportions.

For the purpose of this article we will give three statements, namely: numbers of emigrants from the United Kingdom; numbers of arrivals in the United States; and numbers of arrivals in Canada, from such figures as are available in the order we have

stated, as follow:

TOTAL EMIGRATION FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM TO ALL PARTS, IN PERIODS OF 5 YEARS, FROM 1815 TO 1871 INCLUSIVE.

(Compiled from the Report of H. M. Emigration Commissioners.)

For the 5 years	Totals for
End d.	Years.
1819	97,799
1824	
1829	
1834	
1839	
1844	
1849	
1854	1.698.645
1859	800,640
1864	
1869	
Adding the totals for t	ha last two
vears as follow:	ile last two
1870	256,940
1871	292,499
Total for 57 years	7,266, 072
L	

TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ARRIVED
IN THE UNITED STATES FOR 5 DEOFNNIADS, (Compiled from the Report of Mr.
Edward Young):—

Total

Decenniads.	Immigran
Decennaas. 1820-30	176,473
1831-40	640,686
1841-50	1.768.175
1851-60	2,874,687
1861-70	2.803.913
Add estimate for arrivals prior	to
1820	250,000
Aggregate Immigration for	51
vears	8,518,334
Deducted for citizens of Uni	tea
States returned	714,400
Net aliens	7,803,734

The number of immigrants into the United States for year ended June 30, 1871 was...... 321,350

Total immigration 52 years...... 8,125,034

This number of immigrant arrivals into the United States in 51 years, is therefore greater, if the figures are accepted as correct, then the whole of the departures from Great

Britain from 1815, f.e. 66 years.

According to the Report of Mr. Young a little more than half of the immigrants into the United States were of British origin; and two thirds of the remainder German,

The following is an approximate statement of the number of naturalized citizens of the United States:—

1reland
Germany1,498,000
England 480,000
British America 250,000
France
Scotland
Switzerland 54,000
Wales 45,000
Turkey 28,000
Italy
Denmark 10,000
Belgium 9,000
Poland 7,000
Mexico
The Antilles 7,000
China 5,000
Portugal 4,000
Other countries 204,000
Total

The arrivals of immigrants in Canada do not bear any compariso 1 at present with those in the United States. The statistics are not arranged in such a way as to permit any exact comparison. But the following statement shows the arrivals from 1851 to 1871 inclusive:

Year.	Arrivals by the St. Law- rence	From the United States.	Settled in Canada.	Passed through to the U.S.
1851 1852	41,076 39,176	3,670	22,515 29,943	22,231 12,733
1853	36 699	3,500 5,000	32,295	11,404
1851	53,183	7,000	38,800	21,383
1855	21,274	10,000	23,000	8,274
1856	22 439	10'729	24,816	8,352
1857	32,099	41,994	33,663	40,428
1358	12,810	26,860	12,340	27,330
1859 1860	8,778 10, 50	13,179 4,829	6,300 7,827	15,657 7,152
1861	19,923	23,723	12,486	19,960
1862	22,176	40,450	28,798	33,828
1863	19,419	23,9 8	26,118	17,249
1864	19,147	27,048	26,118 21,738	24,487
1865	21,355	28,853	19,413	30,795
1866	28,648	23,147	10.091	41,704
1867	30,757	31.121	14,666	47,212
1868	34,300	37,148	12, 65	58,683
1869	43,114	32,718	18,630	57,202
1870	44,475	21,544	24,706	44,818
1871	37,020	27,365	27,773	37,949
	598,018	426,826	446,683	588,326

The numbers in the above statement of arrivals by the St. Lawrence may be accepted as accurate, being based upon a careful registration; those under the other headings must be accepted as approximate, the mode in which they were taken being defective.

The emigrants reported as having gone to the United States, were in no sense emigrants from Canada, but simply passengers from the United Kingdom or continent of Europe, whose destination was the United States, and who chose the St. Lawrence as the shortest and best route.

The actual amount of money brought by immigrants from the Old World to the New