RAILWAYS.

We subjoin our usual tables of Railway traffic, which are in many respects very imperfect. They are compiled from the Government tables in the Canada Gazette. Several railways seldom or never are compiled from the Government tables in the Canada Gazette. Several railways seldom or never send in returns to the Government; and those which do, make omissions which mar the completeness of the information. A return from the Grand Trunk Railway is missing for one month, as is the case even with the Nova Scotia Railway, although it is under direct Government management. The Stanstead, Shefford & Chambly Railway from St. John to Waterloo, the Montreal & Vermont Junction Railway from St. Johns to St. Armand, and the Province line, the Carillon & Grenville, the Massawippi, and the Windsor & Annapolis, have furnished no returns during the year, and the Cobourg, Peterborough & Marmora, none for the latter half of the year. The total receipts are Cobourg, Peterborough & Marmora, none for the latter half of the year. The total receipts are doubtless between \$13,000,000 and \$14,000,000, keeping very even pace with the Revenue of the Dominion. The legislation of the past three years has shewn a new and very great revival of railway enterprise. Three new charters have been granted for roads between the Niagara & Detroit, or a transfer of the distance. Two of them are in course of construction or under contract. Hamilton is Two of them are in course of construction or under contract. Hamilton is Grey and Bruce—which is now open as far as Alma. Toronto is building a constructing a road into Grey and Bruce—which is now open as far as Alma. Toronto is building a narrow gauge road into some fertile district. Toronto enterprise is also building a road northward narrow gauge road into some termic district. Toronto enterprise is also building a road northward towards Lake Nipissing, which is probably destined to form part, or a principal branch of the Canadian Pacific. Belleville and Kingston are rivals for a road to Madoc, and the former has secured a revival of its old "loop line," with power of extension to Georgian Bay. The proprietors of the Brockville and Ottawa, with some assistance, have completed a section of the Canada Central, from Brockville and Ottawa, with some assistance, have completed a section of the Canada Central, from Carleton Place to Ottawa, which was opened for traffic in September. And arrangements are in progress to raise the capital to complete the C. C. line from Montreal to Pembroke, Montreal being expected to contribute \$500,000,000. Quebec has moved in the matter of the long dormant North Shore Railway, to which she is expected to give as much—while Three Rivers and the municipalities along the route, are also offering aid. A wooden railway, the Cuebec & Gosford, destined, it is believed, ultimately to reach Lake St. John, is in part constructed and already open for traffic for a portion of the way. From Levis, (opposite Quebec) a road is chartered, and a portion of the capital raised for it, to connect with the Maine frontier. Another road is chartered, and the capital being raised, to run from the Grand Trunk at Sherbrooke or Lennoxville, to the same frontier, to connect there with a Maine railway branching out of the European & North American—and this to connect there with a Maine railway branching out of the European & North American—and this when completed, will give as nearly as practicable an air line between Montreal and St. John, N.B. The Massawippi road between Lennoxville and the Vermont frontier, on the western side of Lake Memphremagog—where it connects with the Passumpsic railway, has been running for several months; and the South Eastern Counties Junction, which passes through the northern part of Missisquoi and a part of Brome, to the Vermont frontier, on the western side of that lake, to connect with the same Vermont railway is in process of construction—the first section from West Farnham to Cowansville being shortly to be opened. Considerable progress has been made with the construction of the Intercolonial—all of which is now under contract. The Windsor and Annapolis railway has been opened for traffic in Nova Scotta. In New Brunswick, "Western Extension" has been completed to the U.S. boundary line, and western to the border of Nova Scotia; and the capital, Fredericton, has also been placed in communication by rail with the sea coast. Of all this work projected, chartered, (and we have by no means mentioned all the projects or charters) and in part or wholly constructed, there is hardly any signs in the returns which we publish; but it is likely that the next year's returns will show a very considerable addition both to the mileage of and receipts from the railway system of the Dominion.

TRAFFIC FOR 6 MOS. FROM JULY TO DECEMBER, 1869.

	July.	August.	Sept.	October.	Nov.	Dec.	Total for 6 mos.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Great Western Railway	314,949	251,468	27,622	426,904	338,405		
† Grand Trunk Railway London & Port Stanley R'y	657,120	*	635,896	789.994 4,821	657,635 3,648		3,333,210
Welland Railway	6,327	7,564	12,164				
Northern Railway	84,453						
Port Hope, Lind. & Beaverson & Beaverton branch, (after- wards Midland of Canada).	} *	26,439	28,228		18,128	,,,,,,	
Brockville & Ottawa Railway	20,783	15,339	22,276	21,129			
St. Lawrence & Ottawa R'y	12,108						
St. Lawrence & Industry R'y.	1,006	1,385					6,093
New Brunswick & Canada Ry	12,533	8,737	6,754	11,271	9,994	8,340	
* European & N. American Ry * Eastern Extension Railway	19,910	16 952	16,248	*	18,515		
* Nova Scotia Railway	*	*	*	*	534 26,412		534 26,412
Cob'g. P'borough & Marmora	10,131	5,576	*	2,972	*	*	18,679
ľ	1,139,370	405,814	1,118,619	1,395,998	1,151,763	1,108,087	6,319,651

Note.—During the months when navigation is closed—generally from the end of November to nearly the beginning of May, the Cobourg, Peterborough & Marmora, and the St. Lawrence & Industry Railways are closed.

^{*} No returns.

[†] No returns for part of August.